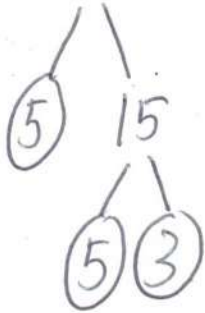


Answer **all** the questions.

- 1 Write 75 as a product of its prime factors.



$$5 \times 5 \times 3$$

or

$$5^2 \times 3$$



..... [2]

- 2 (a) Solve.

$$4x + 3 = 13$$

$$4x = 10$$



$$x = \frac{10}{4}$$

$$\frac{5}{2}$$

✓ OE

(a) $x =$ [2]

- (b) Multiply out and simplify.

$$5(2x + 3) + 2(x - 4)$$

$$10x + 15 + 2x - 8$$



$$12x + 7$$



(b) [3]

- 3 (a) The ratio 45 minutes to 3 hours 45 minutes can be written in the form $1 : n$.

Find the value of n .

$$180 + 45 = 225 \quad \checkmark$$

$$45 : 225$$

$\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)$

$$9 : 45$$

$\left(\div 9\right)$

$$1 : 5$$

5

\checkmark

(a) $n = \dots\dots\dots$ [2]

- (b) Reece and Sarah share some money in the ratio $9 : 16$.

Reece says that Sarah gets more than 60% of this money.

Show that Reece is correct.

$$S = \frac{16}{25} = \frac{64}{100} \quad \checkmark \checkmark$$

$$= 64\% \quad \checkmark$$

($> 60\%$)

..... [3]

- 4 Dora has the following number cards.



She takes a card at random, replaces the card and then takes a second card. She adds the numbers on the two cards she has taken and records the total.

- (a) Complete the following table to show all of her possible totals.

		First card				
		2	2	3	5	6
Second card	Total	2	2	3	5	6
	2	4	4	5	7	8
	2	4	4	5	7	8
	3	5	5	6	8	9
	5	7	7	8	10	11
6	8	8	9	11	12	

[1]

- (b) Find the probability that her total is

- (i) an even number,

$$\frac{13}{25}$$

(b)(i) [2]

- (ii) a multiple of 3 or 4.

$$\frac{14}{25}$$

(ii) [2]

- 5 Charlie and Jasmine share cartons of apple juice.

Charlie drinks $\frac{1}{3}$ of a carton every day.

Jasmine drinks $\frac{2}{5}$ of a carton every day.

Any apple juice left in a carton at the end of the day is used the following day.

The cost of a carton is 70p.

Charlie and Jasmine buy just enough cartons to last them for 10 days.

How much do they spend in total for these cartons?

Give your answer in £.

Show your working.

$$\begin{array}{c} C \\ \frac{1}{3} \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} J \\ \frac{2}{5} \end{array}$$

$$\checkmark \frac{5}{15} + \frac{6}{15} = \frac{11}{15} \text{ p/day}$$

$$\checkmark \frac{11}{15} \times \frac{10}{1} = \frac{110}{15} = \frac{22}{3} = 7\frac{1}{3} = 8 \text{ cartons } \checkmark\checkmark$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 70 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline 560 \end{array} \checkmark$$

$$\text{£ } 5.60 \checkmark \quad [6]$$

- 6 A clock chimes every 20 minutes.
A light flashes every 8 minutes.
The clock chimes and the light flashes together at 08:00.

How many times between 08:01 and 12:30 will the clock chime and the light flash together?
Show your working.

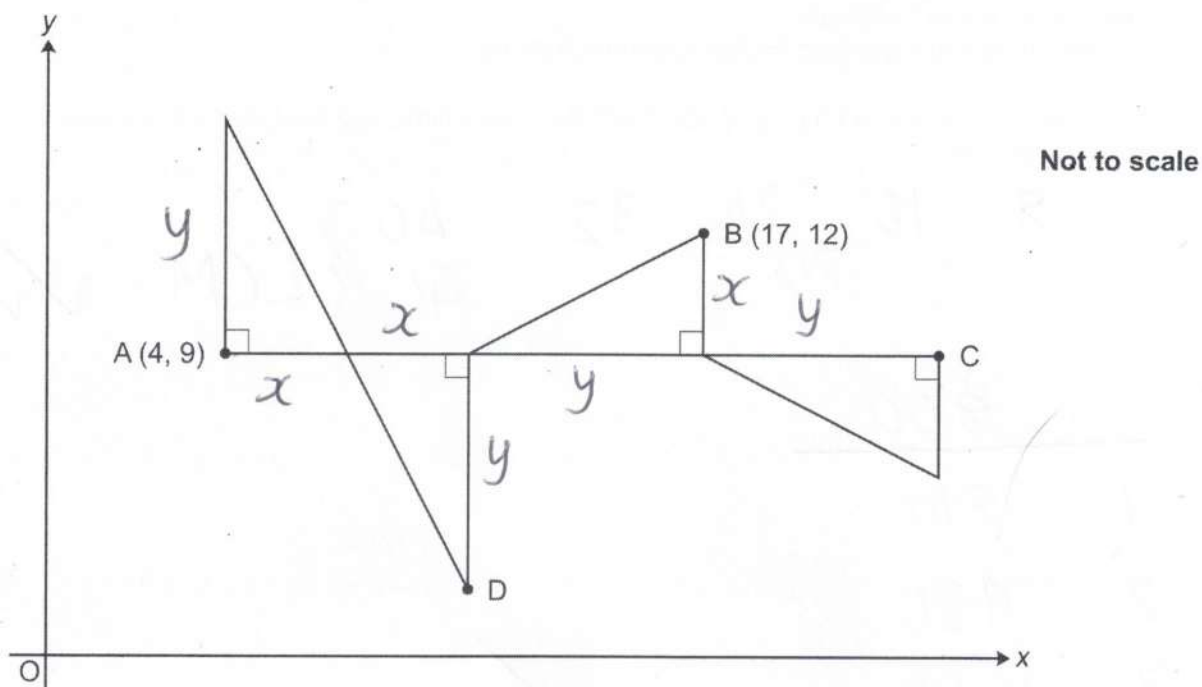
$$8 \quad 16 \quad 24 \quad 32 \quad 40 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} 40 \\ 40 \end{array} \right\} \text{LCM} \quad \checkmark \checkmark$$

	<u>8:00</u>	
1	8:40	
2	9:20	
3	10:00	✓
4	10:40	✓
5	11:20	
6	12:00	
	12:40	

6

..... [5]

- 7 A pattern is made from four congruent right-angled triangles.



The line AC is parallel to the x-axis.

The point A has coordinates (4, 9) and the point B has coordinates (17, 12).

Work out the coordinates of point C and point D.

$$4 + x + x + y = 17$$

$$2x + y = 13 \quad \checkmark$$

$$9 + x = 12$$

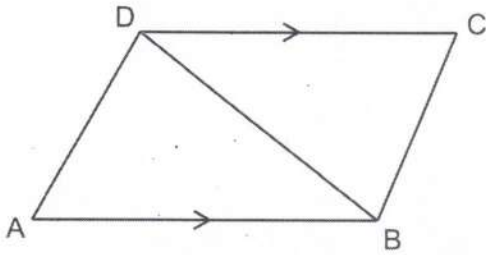
$$x = 3 \quad \checkmark$$

$$6 + y = 13$$

$$y = 7 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\begin{array}{l} C(\dots 24 \dots , \dots 9 \dots) \checkmark \\ D(\dots 10 \dots , \dots 2 \dots) \checkmark \end{array} [5]$$

- 9 In the diagram, AB and DC are parallel lines of equal length.



Not to scale

Prove that angle DAB = angle BCD.

$\angle CDB = \angle DBA$ (alternate angles are equal) ✓

DB is common ✓

AB = DC is given ✓

SAS hence congruent triangles
and $\therefore \angle DAB = \angle BCD$ ✓

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

..... [4]

- 10 Each day, Eve records how long it takes her to complete a puzzle.

On Friday, she took 50% less time than on Thursday.

On Saturday, she took 20% less time than on Friday.

On Saturday, she takes 36 minutes to complete the puzzle.

How many minutes did she take to complete the puzzle on Thursday?

Show your working.

T	F	S	=	36 min	✓✓✓
100%	50%	40%			
		10%	=	9 min	✓
		100%	=	9 × 10	

90 ✓

..... minutes [5]

- 11 (a) Work out.

$$16^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{16}} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \quad \checkmark \text{ OE}$$

(a) [2]

- (b) Simplify.

$$\sqrt{6} \times \sqrt{3}$$

$$= \sqrt{18}$$

$$= \sqrt{9} \sqrt{2}$$

3√2 ✓

(b) [2]

- 12 The price, £ P , of a car is £20 000 in 2019. The price is expected to decrease by 5% each year after 2019.

(a) Jasmine says

This means the price in 2021 is expected to be £18 000.

She is incorrect.

Explain her error and work out the correct answer.

$$\cancel{20000} \times \frac{95}{100} \times \frac{95}{100}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 190 \\ \times 95 \\ \hline 950 \\ 17100 \\ \hline 18050 \end{array}$$

✓✓✓

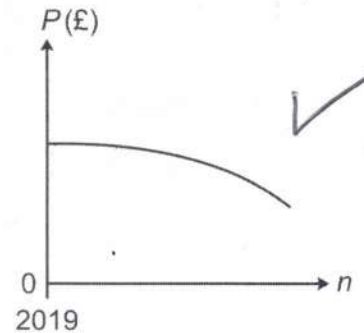
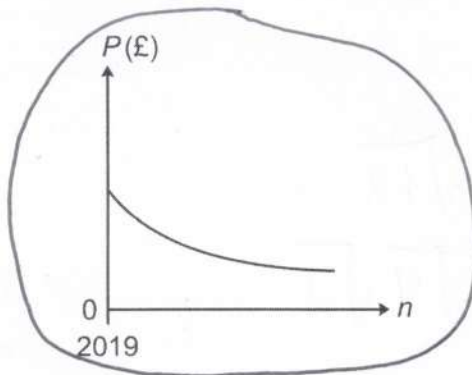
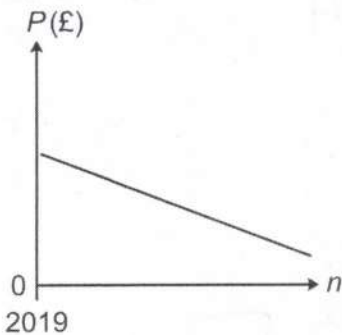
Her error is she's reduced the price by 10% ✓

The correct answer is £ 18 050 ✓ [4]

- (b) (i) Write a formula for P in terms of n , where n is the number of years after 2019.

(b)(i) $P = 20000 \times 0.95^n$ ✓ [2]

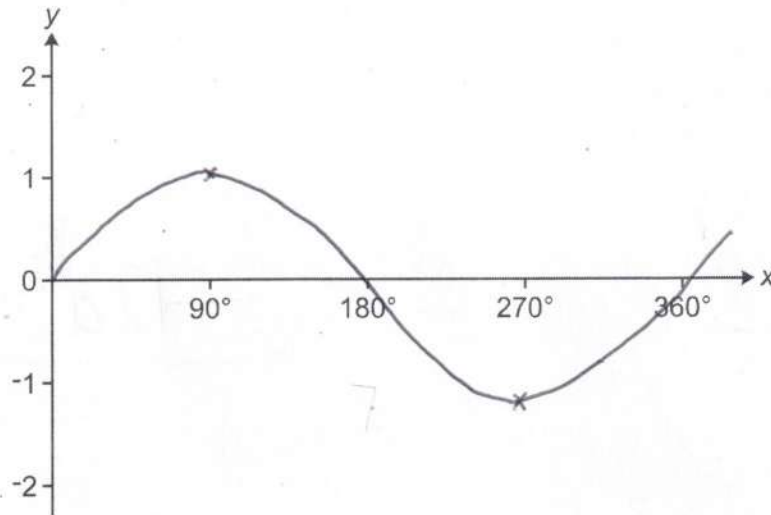
- (ii) Circle the graph that best represents the price, £ P , of the car n years after 2019.



[1]

Turn over

- 13 (a) Sketch the graph of $y = \sin x$ for $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$.



[2]

- (b) The graph of $y = \cos(x - 30)$ for $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$ crosses the x -axis in two places.

Write down the values of x where this occurs.

$\cos x$ crosses at 90° , 270°

so $+30$

$x = 120$ and 300 [2]

✓ ✓

14 Simplify.

(a) $4a^{\frac{1}{2}} \times 3a^2$

$12a^{\frac{5}{2}}$

✓ OE
✓

(a) [2]

(b) $\left(\frac{2a^2}{a^{-3}}\right)^3$

$(2a^5)^3$

✓

$8a^{15}$

✓✓

(b) [3]

15 Solve.

$\frac{x}{x+6} = 5$

$x = 5(x+6)$

✓

$x = 5x + 30$

$-30 = 4x$

✓

$-\frac{30}{4} = x$

$-\frac{15}{2}$

✓ OE

x = [3]

- 16 (a) The masses, m kg, of some parcels are shown below.

4 15 14 11 12 3 1 18 13 2 16 10

Jack constructs this grouped frequency table to record the masses.

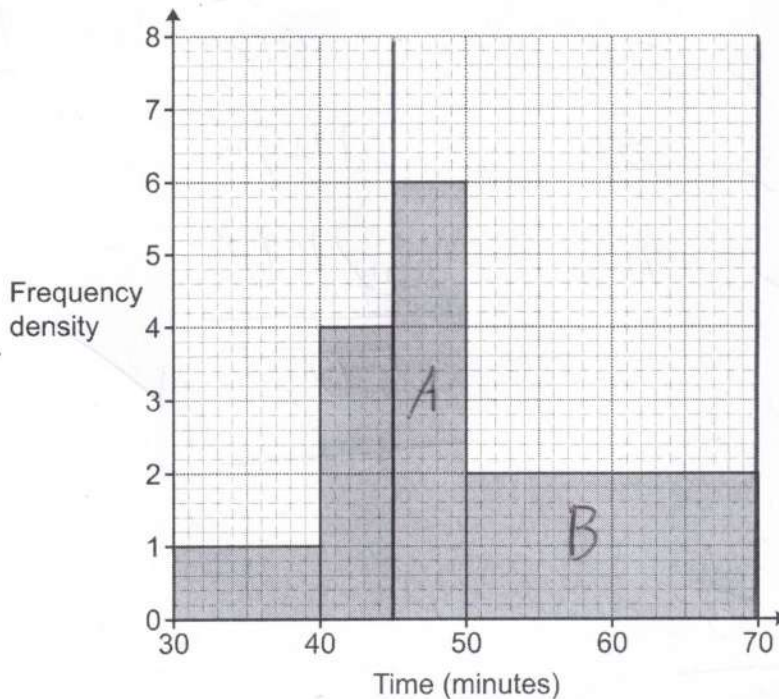
Mass (m kg)	Tally	Frequency
$0 \leq m \leq 5$		
$5 \leq m \leq 10$		
$10 \leq m \leq 15$		
$15 \leq m \leq 20$		

Explain why Jack's table is unsuitable to record the masses.

Overlapping intervals

[1]

- (b) The histogram summarises the times taken, in minutes, by some students to complete a race.



- (i) Show that 70 students took between 45 and 70 minutes to complete the race. [2]

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= A + B \\
 &= 5 \times 6 + 20 \times 2 \\
 &= 30 + 40 \\
 &= 70
 \end{aligned}$$

- (ii) Calculate an estimate of the mean time taken to complete the race. Show your working.

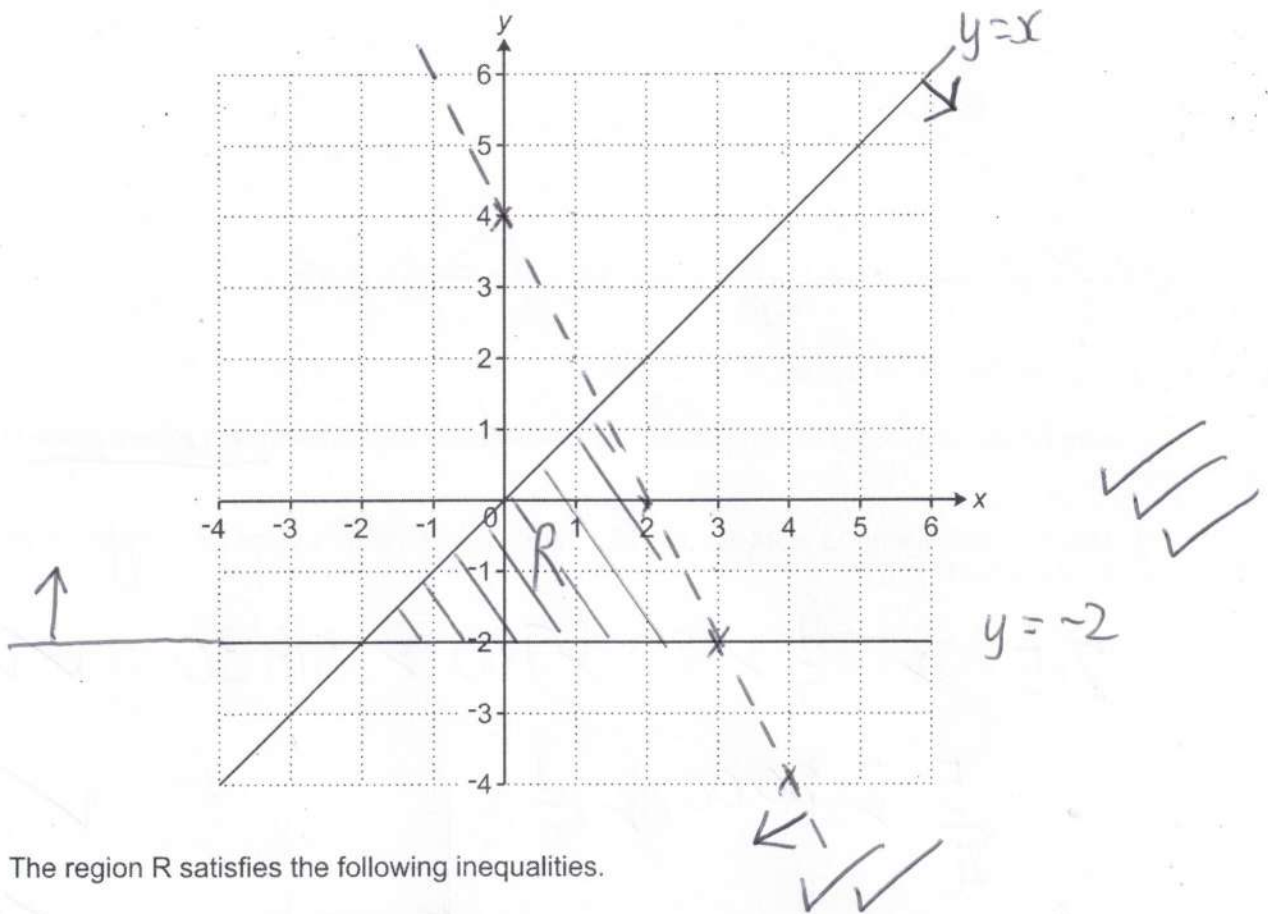
mid pts (x)	freq		
35	10	=	350
42.5	20	=	850
47.5	30	=	1425
60	40	=	22400
			<u>5025</u>

$$\frac{5025}{100}$$

50.25

(b)(ii)min [5]

17 The graphs of $y = x$ and $y = -2$ are drawn on the grid.



The region R satisfies the following inequalities.

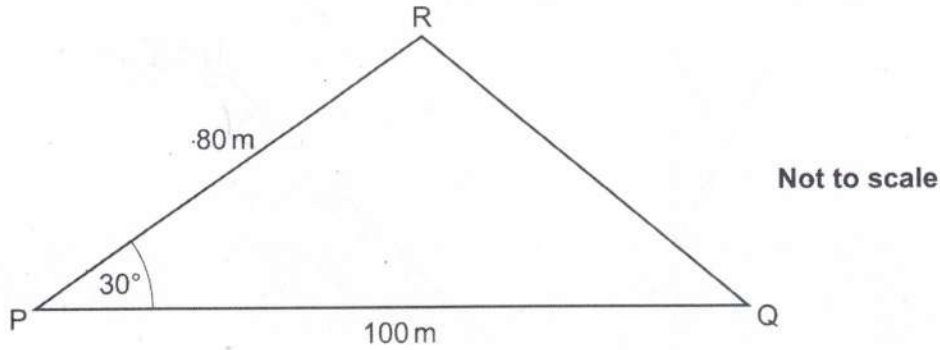
$$y \geq -2 \quad y \leq x \quad y < 4 - 2x$$

By drawing one more line, find and label the region R.

[5]

$$y = -2x + 4$$

- 18 The diagram shows a triangular field PQR which is used to grow organic carrots.



PQ = 100 m, PR = 80 m and angle RPQ = 30° .

In recent years, an average of 2.5 kg of carrots has been harvested from each square metre of the field.

- (a) Use this information to work out the total mass of carrots that might have been harvested from the field in 2019.

$$2.5 \times \frac{1}{2} \times 80 \times 100 \times \sin 30 \quad \checkmark \checkmark$$

$$\frac{5}{4} \times \cancel{8000} \times \frac{1}{2} \quad \checkmark$$

$$= 5000 \text{ kg} \quad \checkmark$$

(a) kg [4]

- (b) Why might the answer to part (a) be unreliable?

2019 conditions may differ ✓

..... [1]

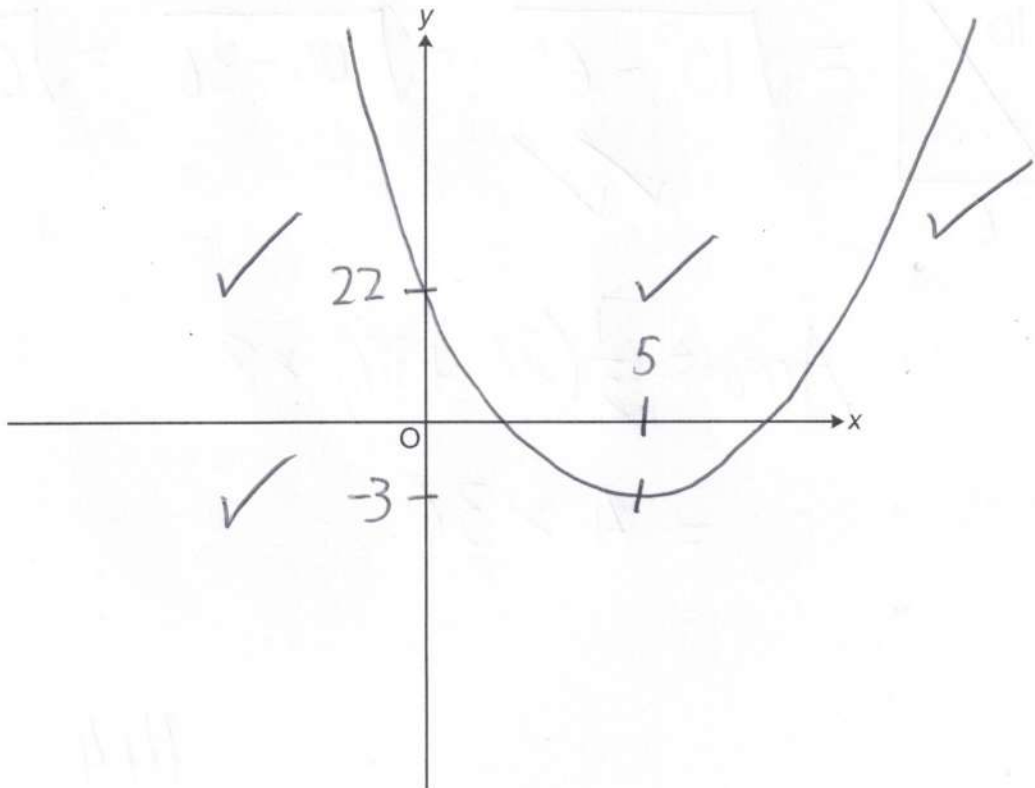
- 19 (a) Write $x^2 - 10x + 22$ in the form $(x - a)^2 - b$.

$$(x - 5)^2 - 25 + 22$$

$$(x - 5)^2 - 3$$

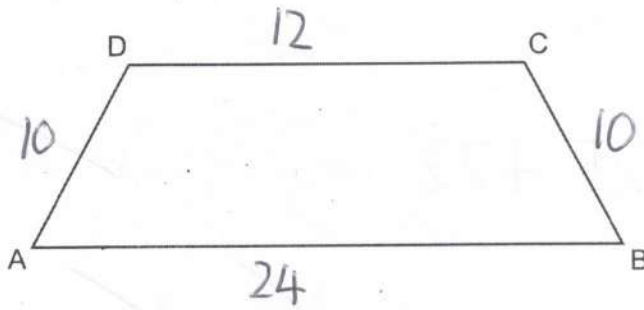
(a) [3]

- (b) Sketch the graph of $y = x^2 - 10x + 22$.
Show clearly the coordinates of any turning points and the value of the y-intercept.



[4]

20 ABCD is a trapezium.



Not to scale

The perimeter of the trapezium is 56 cm.
The ratio AD : AB : DC : BC = 5 : 12 : 6 : 5.

$$\frac{56}{5+12+6+5} = \frac{56}{28} = 2$$

Calculate the area of the trapezium.
Show your working.

A right-angled triangle is drawn with a hypotenuse of length 10 and a base of length 6. The height is calculated using the Pythagorean theorem:

$$= \sqrt{10^2 - 6^2} = \sqrt{100 - 36} = \sqrt{64} = 8$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= \frac{1}{2}(24 + 12) \times 8 \\ &= 4 \times 36 \end{aligned}$$

144

..... cm² [7]

END OF QUESTION PAPER