

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information.

Candidate surname	Other names
Centre Number	Candidate Number
Pearson Edexcel International GCSE	
Time 2 hours	Paper reference 4MA1/2H

Mathematics A
PAPER 2H
Higher Tier

You must have:
Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser, calculator. Tracing paper may be used.

Total Marks

Instructions

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions.
- Without sufficient working, correct answers may be awarded no marks.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– there may be more space than you need.
- Calculators may be used.
- You must NOT write anything on the formulae page.
- Anything you write on the formulae page will gain NO credit.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
– use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- Good luck with your examination.

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P 6 5 9 1 8 A 0 1 2 8

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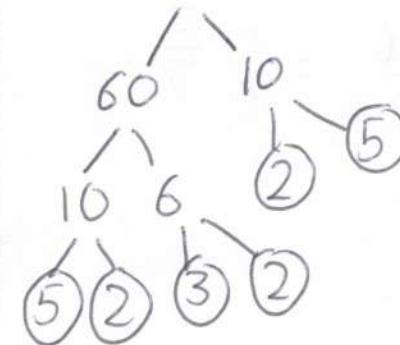
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Answer ALL TWENTY THREE questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

1 Write 600 as a product of powers of its prime factors.
Show your working clearly.



$$5^2 \times 3 \times 2^3$$

(Total for Question 1 is 3 marks)



P 6 5 9 1 8 A 0 3 2 8

3

2 Show that $2\frac{4}{7} + 1\frac{1}{8} = 2\frac{2}{7}$

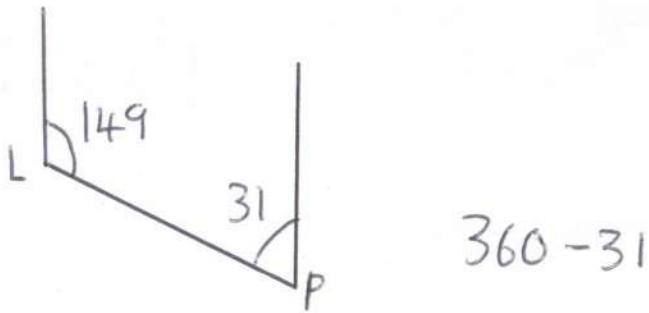
$$\begin{array}{r} 18 \\ 7 \end{array} \div \begin{array}{r} 9 \\ 8 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 18 \\ 7 \end{array} \times \begin{array}{r} 8 \\ 9 \end{array} = \frac{16}{7} = 2\frac{2}{7}$$

(Total for Question 2 is 3 marks)

3 The bearing of Paris from London is 149°

Work out the bearing of London from Paris.



(Total for Question 3 is 2 marks)

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4 $\mathcal{C} = \{\text{letters of the alphabet}\}$

$$B = \{\text{b, r, a, z, i, l}\}$$

$$I = \{\text{i, r, e, l, a, n, d}\}$$

(a) List the members of the set

(i) $B \cup I$

(ii) $B \cap I'$

b, r, a, z, i, l, e, n, d

b, z

(2)

$$K = \{\text{k, e, n, y, a}\}$$

Cody writes down the statement $B \cap K = \emptyset$

Cody's statement is wrong.

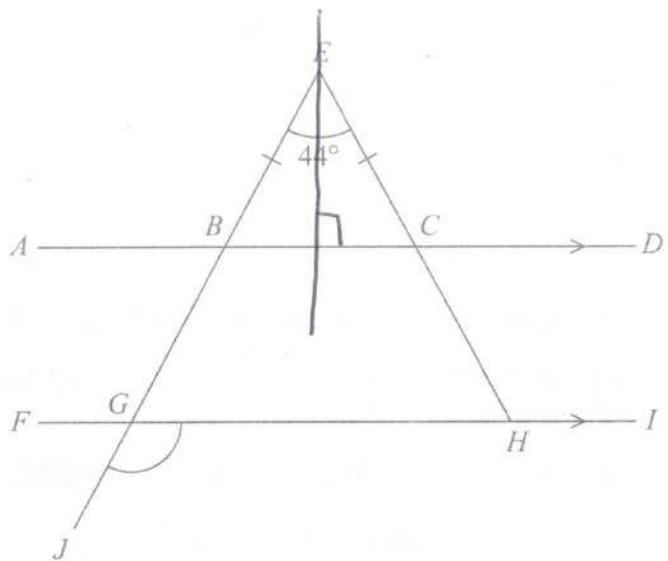
(b) Explain why.

there's an 'a' in both sets

(1)

(Total for Question 4 is 3 marks)

Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn



$ABCD$ and $FGHI$ are parallel straight lines.

$EBGJ$ and ECH are straight lines.

$$BE = CE$$

$$\text{Angle } BEC = 44^\circ$$

Work out the size of angle JGH .

Give a reason for each stage of your working.

$\angle EBC = 68^\circ$ (base angles of isosceles triangles are equal)

$\angle GBC = 112^\circ$ (angles on a straight line sum to 180°)

$\angle JGH = 112^\circ$ (corresponding angles are equal)

(Total for Question 5 is 5 marks)



6 Mariana sells bags of bird food.

The bags that Mariana sold last week each contained 12 kg of seeds.

The bags that she is going to sell next week will each contain a mixture of nuts and seeds where for each bag

$$\text{weight of nuts : weight of seeds} = 4 : 5$$

The total weight of the nuts and the seeds in each bag will be 19.35 kg

The weight of seeds in each bag that Mariana sells next week will be less than the weight of seeds in each bag that Mariana sold last week.

Work out this decrease as a percentage of the weight of seeds in each bag that Mariana sold last week.

Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

$$\begin{array}{r} N \\ \frac{4}{9} \times 19.35 \\ = 8.6 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} S \\ \frac{5}{9} \times 19.35 \\ = 10.75 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{12 - 10.75}{12} \times 100$$

$$= 10.416$$

$$= 10.4$$

%

(Total for Question 6 is 4 marks)



7 Here is a right-angled triangle.

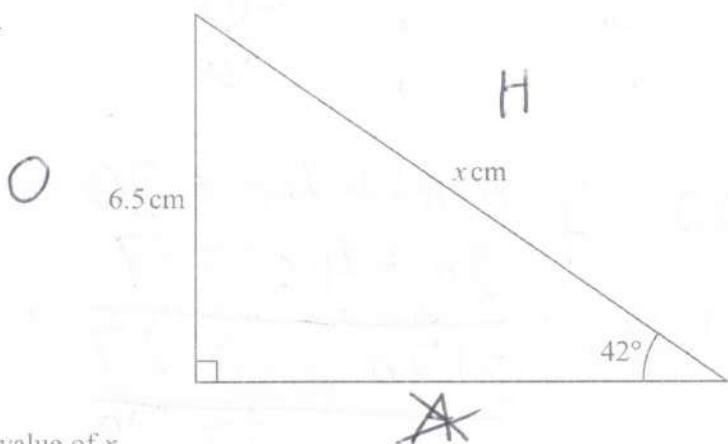


Diagram NOT
accurately drawn

Work out the value of x .

Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

$\sin^0(\textcircled{H})$

$$x = \frac{6.5}{\sin 42}$$

$$= 9.714$$

9.7

$x =$ _____

(Total for Question 7 is 3 marks)



8 Solve the simultaneous equations

$$\begin{array}{r} 5a + 2c = 10 \\ 2a - 4c = 7 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} - (1) \\ - (2) \end{array}$$

Show clear algebraic working.

$$\begin{array}{r} (1) \times 2 \quad + \quad 10a + 4c = 20 \\ \quad \quad \quad \quad 2a - 4c = 7 \\ \hline \quad \quad \quad \quad 12a \quad \quad = 27 \\ \hline \quad \quad \quad \quad a = \frac{27}{12} = \frac{9}{4} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} (1) \Rightarrow 11.25 + 2c = 10 \\ \quad \quad \quad 2c = -1.25 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} c = \frac{-1.25}{2} \\ \quad \quad \quad a = 2.25 \\ \quad \quad \quad c = -0.625 \end{array}$$

(Total for Question 8 is 3 marks)

9 (i) Factorise $x^2 + 2x - 24$

$$(x+6)(x-4)$$

(2)

(ii) Hence solve $x^2 + 2x - 24 = 0$

$$\begin{array}{r} -6, 4 \end{array}$$

(1)

(Total for Question 9 is 3 marks)



10 Here is a triangular prism.

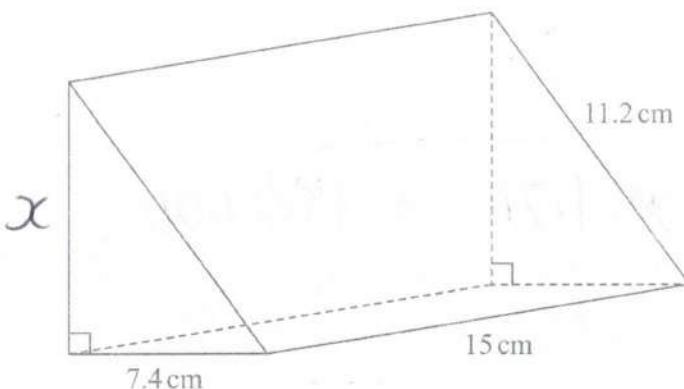


Diagram NOT
accurately drawn

Work out the volume of the prism.
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

$$x = \sqrt{11.2^2 - 7.4^2}$$
$$= 8.407\dots$$

$$V = 15 \times 8.407 \times \frac{1}{2} \times 7.4$$

$$= 466.59\dots$$
$$= 467 \text{ cm}^3$$

cm³

(Total for Question 10 is 5 marks)



11 Chengbo sold a house for 180 000 yuan.

The amount for which he sold the house is 24% more than the amount he paid for the house.

(a) Work out how much Chengbo paid for the house.
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

$$? \times 1.24 = 180\ 000$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 180\ 000 \\ \hline 1.24 \\ \hline \end{array} = 145,000$$

yuan

(3)

Zhi bought a house on 1st January 2017

When she bought the house, its value was 120 000 yuan.

The value of the house increased by 1.8% per year.

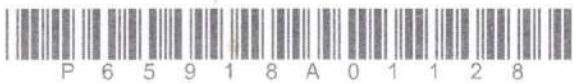
(b) Work out the value of Zhi's house on 1st January 2020
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

$$\begin{aligned} 120\ 000 \times 1.018^3 \\ = 126\ 597.3 \dots \end{aligned}$$

$$127,000 \dots \text{yuan}$$

(3)

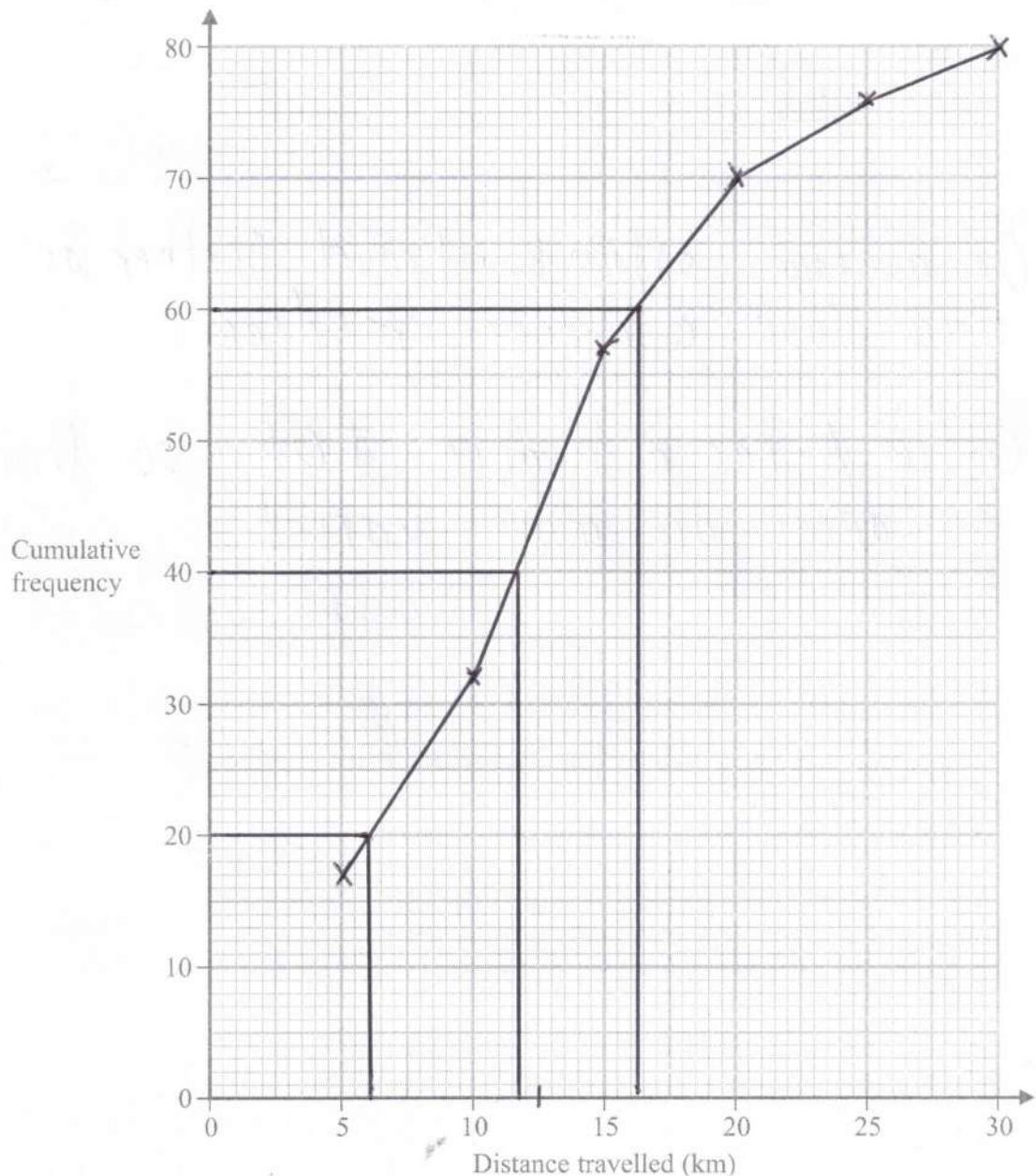
(Total for Question 11 is 6 marks)



12 The cumulative frequency table gives information about the distance, in kilometres, that each of 80 workers travel from home to work at Office A.

Distance travelled (d km)	Cumulative frequency
$0 < d \leq 5$	17
$0 < d \leq 10$	32
$0 < d \leq 15$	57
$0 < d \leq 20$	70
$0 < d \leq 25$	76
$0 < d \leq 30$	80

(a) On the grid below, draw a cumulative frequency graph for the information in the table.



(2)



(b) Use your graph to find an estimate for the median distance travelled.

[MS: $10.5 \rightarrow 12$]

11.7

km

(1)

(c) Use your graph to find an estimate for the interquartile range of the distances travelled.

[MS: $8.5 \rightarrow 11.5$]

$16.3 - 6$

=

10.3

km

(2)

For Office B, the median distance workers travel from home to work is 15 km and the interquartile range is 5 km.

(d) Use the information above to compare the distances that workers at Office A and workers at Office B travel from home to work.

Write down two comparisons.

1. On average office B travel further as they have a higher median

2. Office A has a higher IQR so their distances are more varied

(2)

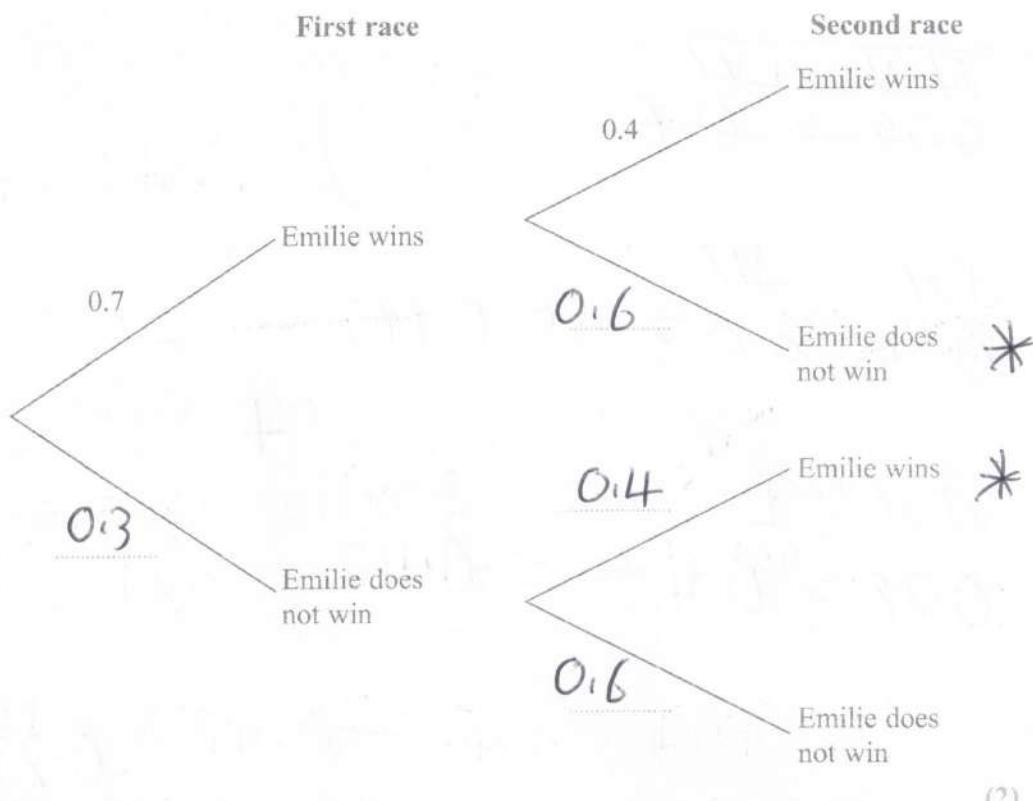
(Total for Question 12 is 7 marks)



13 Emilie takes part in two races.

The probability that she wins the first race is 0.7
The probability that she wins the second race is 0.4
The outcomes of the two races are independent.

(a) Complete the probability tree diagram.



(2)

(b) Work out the probability that Emilie wins exactly one of the two races.

$$\begin{aligned} &= (0.7 \times 0.6) + (0.3 \times 0.4) \\ &= 0.54 \end{aligned}$$

(3)



Emilie is going to take part in a third race.

If she wins both of the first two races, the probability that she will win the third race is 0.6

If she wins exactly one of the first two races, the probability that she will win the third race is 0.3

(c) Work out the probability that Emilie will win exactly two of the three races.

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{IW} \quad \text{W} \\ 0.54 \times 0.3 = 0.162 \\ + \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{WW} \quad \text{L} \\ 0.28 \times 0.4 = 0.112 \\ + \end{array}$$

0.274

(3)

(Total for Question 13 is 8 marks)



14 Simplify fully $\left(\frac{9x^4}{16y^{10}}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

$$\frac{4y^5}{3x^2}$$

(Total for Question 14 is 3 marks)

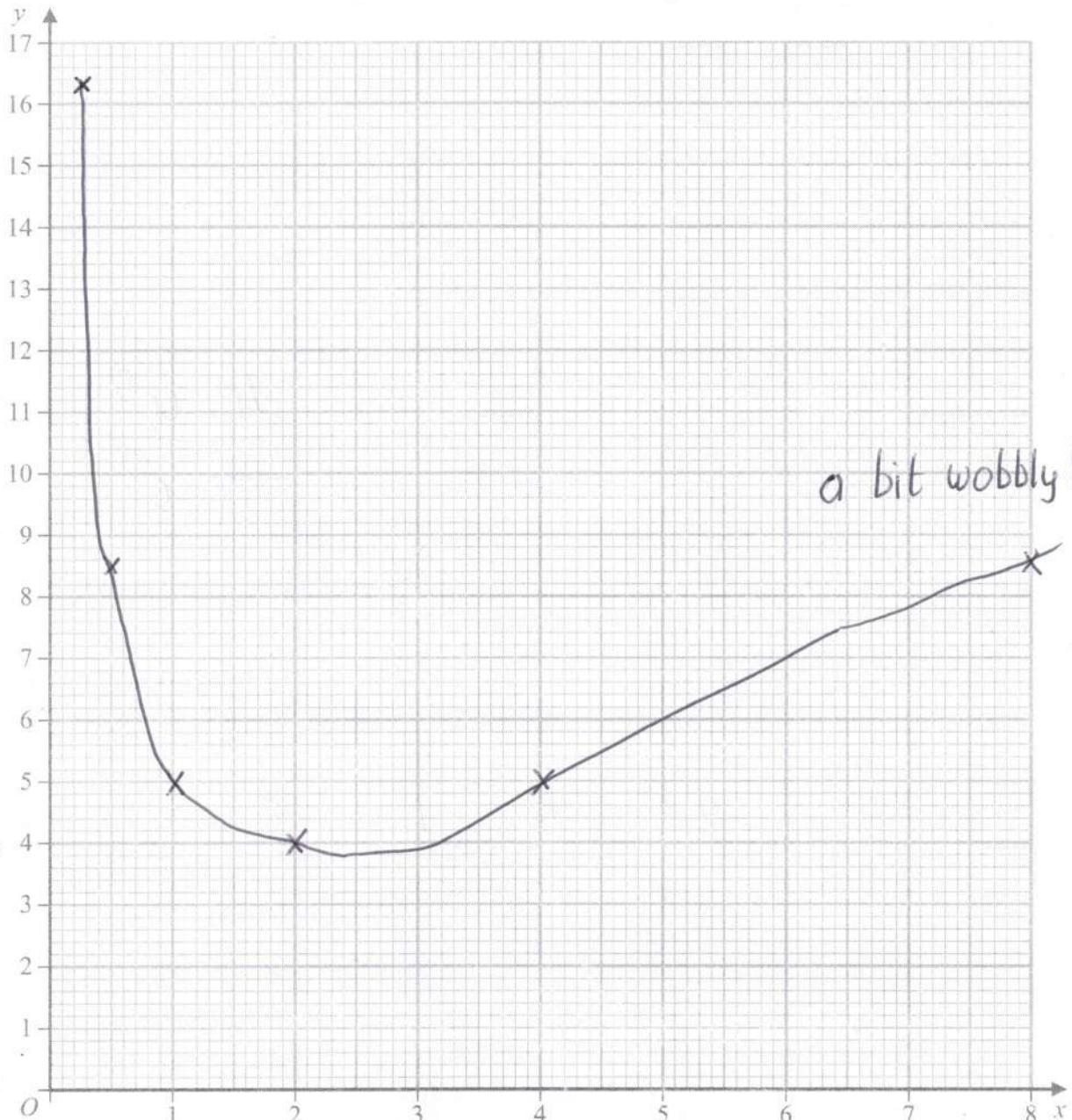
15 (a) Complete the table of values for $y = \frac{1}{x}(x^2 + 4)$

x	0.25	0.5	1	2	4	8
y	16.25	8.5	5	4	5	8.5

(2)



(b) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = \frac{1}{x}(x^2 + 4)$ for $0.25 \leq x \leq 8$



(2)

(Total for Question 15 is 4 marks)

16 A is inversely proportional to the square of r

$$A = 5 \text{ when } r = 0.3$$

(a) Find a formula for A in terms of r

$$A = \frac{K}{r^2}$$

$$5 = \frac{K}{0.3^2}$$

$$K = 5 \times 0.09 = 0.45$$

$$A = \frac{0.45}{r^2}$$

(3)

(b) Find the value of A when $r = 7.5A$

$$A = \frac{0.45}{(7.5A)^2}$$

$$A^3 = \frac{1}{125}$$

$$A = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$A = 0.2$$

(3)

(Total for Question 16 is 6 marks)



17 The straight line L passes through the points $(4, -1)$ and $(6, 4)$

The straight line M is perpendicular to L and intersects the y -axis at the point $(0, 8)$

Find the coordinates of the point where M intersects the x -axis.

$$m_L = \frac{4 - (-1)}{6 - 4} = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$m_M = -\frac{2}{5}$$

$$y = -\frac{2}{5}x + 8$$

x -axis $\Rightarrow y = 0$

$$0 = -\frac{2}{5}x + 8$$

$$x = \frac{8}{2/5}$$

20 0
(.....,

(Total for Question 17 is 4 marks)



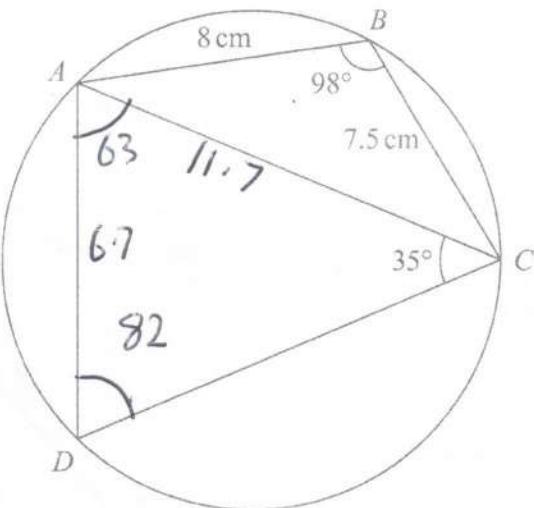


Diagram NOT
accurately drawn

ABCD is a quadrilateral where A, B, C and D are points on a circle.

$$AB = 8 \text{ cm}$$

$$BC = 7.5 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Angle } ABC = 98^\circ$$

$$\text{Angle } ACD = 35^\circ$$

$$AC^2 = 8^2 + 7.5^2 - 2 \times 8 \times 7.5 \cos 98$$

$$AC = \sqrt{136.95} = 11.7025\ldots$$

Work out the perimeter of quadrilateral ABCD.

Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

$$\frac{AD}{\sin 35} = \frac{11.7025}{\sin 82} = \frac{CD}{\sin 63}$$

$$AD = 6.778\ldots$$

$$CD = 10.529\ldots$$

$$P = \boxed{8 + 7.5 + 6.77 + 10.52}$$

$$P = 32.8 \text{ cm}$$

6 marks



19 Solve the simultaneous equations

$$\begin{aligned}y &= 3 - 2x \\x^2 + y^2 &= 18\end{aligned}$$

Show clear algebraic working.

$$x^2 + (3 - 2x)^2 = 18$$

$$x^2 + 9 + 4x^2 - 12x = 18$$

$$5x^2 - 12x - 9 = 0$$

$$(5x + 3)(x - 3) = 0$$

$$x = -\frac{3}{5} \quad x = 3$$

$$y = 3 - 2\left(-\frac{3}{5}\right) \quad y = 3 - 2(3)$$

$$\therefore \frac{21}{5} \quad = -3$$

$$x = 3, y = -3, x = -\frac{3}{5}, y = \frac{21}{5}$$

(Total for Question 19 is 5 marks)



20 Mathematically similar wooden blocks are made in a workshop.

There are small blocks and there are large blocks.

The volume of each small block is 300 cm^3

Given that

the surface area of each small block : the surface area of each large block = 25 : 36

work out the volume of each large block.

$$\begin{array}{l} S \quad L \\ \text{ASF} \quad 25 \quad \times \quad \frac{36}{25} \quad 36 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} LSF \quad \times \quad \frac{6}{5} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} VSF \quad 300 \quad \times \left(\frac{6}{5}\right)^3 = \end{array}$$

518.4

cm^3

(Total for Question 20 is 3 marks)



21 The point A is the only stationary point on the curve with equation $y = kx^2 + \frac{16}{x}$ where k is a constant.

Given that the coordinates of A are $\left(\frac{2}{3}, a\right)$

find the value of a .

Show your working clearly.

$$\frac{16}{x} = 16x^{-1}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2Kx - 16x^{-2} = 0$$

$$2Kx - \frac{16}{x^2} = 0$$

$$2Kx^3 = 16$$

$$Kx^3 = 8$$

$$\left[x = \frac{2}{3} \right] \quad K \times \frac{8}{27} = 8$$

$$K = 27$$

$$y = 27 \times \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 + 16 \times \frac{3}{2}$$

$$= 12 + 24$$

36

$a = \dots$

(Total for Question 21 is 5 marks)



22 The curve S has equation $y = f(x)$ where $f(x) = x^2$
The curve T has equation $y = g(x)$ where $g(x) = 2x^2 - 12x + 13$

By writing $g(x)$ in the form $a(x - b)^2 - c$, where a , b and c are constants,
describe fully a series of transformations that map the curve S onto the curve T.

$$\begin{aligned}g(x) &= 2[x^2 - 6x] + 13 \\&= 2[(x-3)^2 - 9] + 13 \\&= 2(x-3)^2 - 5\end{aligned}$$

stretch in y-direction
scale factor = 2

followed by translation $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$

(Total for Question 22 is 4 marks)



23 Pippa has a box containing N pens.

$$\begin{array}{c} B \\ x+3 \\ R \\ x \end{array}$$

There are only black pens and red pens in the box.

The number of black pens in the box is 3 more than the number of red pens.

Pippa is going to take at random 2 pens from the box.

The probability that she will take a black pen followed by a red pen is $\frac{9}{35}$

Find the possible values of N .

Show clear algebraic working.

$$B \text{ then } R = \frac{x+3}{2x+3} \times \frac{x}{2x+2} = \frac{9}{35}$$

$$35x^2 + 105x = 36x^2 + 54 + 90x$$

$$0 = x^2 - 15x + 54$$

$$0 = (x-9)(x-6)$$

$$x = 9 \quad N = 2 \times 9 + 3 = 21$$

$$x = 6 \quad N = 2 \times 6 + 3 = 15$$

$$\underline{N = 15 \text{ or } 21}$$

(5marks)

