

1. (a) Calculate each of the following.

(i) 3×400

[1]

$3 \times 4 = 12$

1200

(ii) $600 \div 1000$

[1]

\sqrt{m}

0.6

(iii) $10 + 4 \times 3$

[1]

$10 + 12 = 22$

BIDMAS

(iv) $6 - (-7)$

[1]

$6 + 7 = 13$

(b) (i) Write $\frac{11}{25}$ as a percentage.

[1]

$$\frac{x4}{x4} = \frac{44}{100} = 44\%$$

(ii) Write 87% as a decimal.

[1]

$$\div 100 = 0.87$$

(c) Write down the value of $\sqrt{49}$.

[1]

$7 \times 7 = 49$

$= \underline{\underline{7}}$



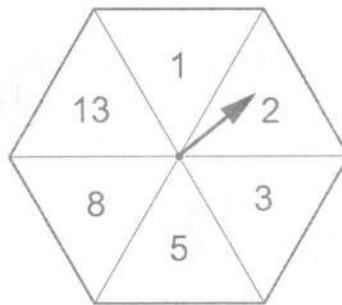
2. (a) Circle **one** term from the box that matches the probability shown by arrow A on this probability scale.

[1]

impossible unlikely an even chance **likely** certain



(b) The diagram shows a fair spinner.



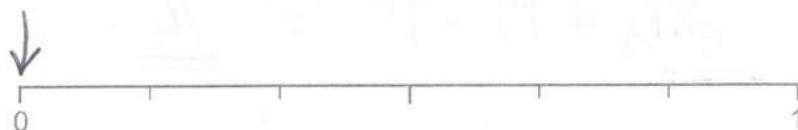
Carol spins the spinner once.

On the probability scale below, mark with an arrow the probability that Carol spins

(i) a number greater than 13,

$\frac{5}{6}$

[1]



(ii) an even number.

$= \frac{2}{6}$ or $\frac{1}{3}$

[1]



3. (a) Circle the smallest value.

[1]

 $\frac{1}{2}$

0.35

0.315

 $\frac{3}{4}$

0.6

0.15

X

X

X

X

(b) Work out the value of the following.

$$80 + (25\% \text{ of } 48) - \left(\frac{2}{5} \text{ of } 45\right)$$

You must show all your working.

[4]

$$\frac{1}{4} \text{ of } 48 = 12$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \text{ of } 45 = 9 \quad \text{so} \quad \frac{2}{5} = 9 \times 2 = 18$$

$$80 + 12 - 18 = \underline{\underline{74}}$$



4. Miss Watkins picks a team of one girl and one boy to take part in a competition.

She chooses the team from these students.

Girls:	Poppy (P)	Ruby (R)	Sally (S)	Zoe (Z)
Boys:	Tariq (T)	Will (W)		

(a) Complete the list to show all the different options that Miss Watkins has.
The first two have been completed for you.

[2]

Girl	Boy
P	T
P	W
R	T
R	W
S	T
S	W
Z	T
Z	W



8

You may not need
all the lines.

(b) Miss Watkins is equally likely to choose any of the possible options.

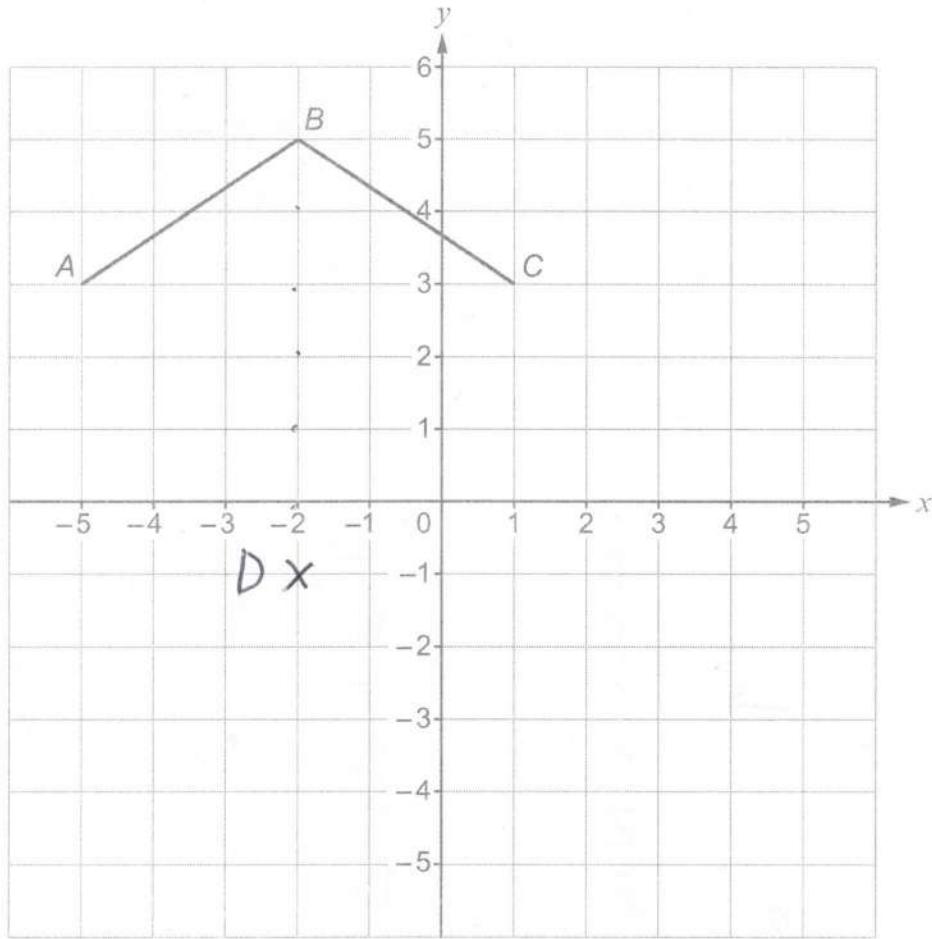
What is the probability that she chooses Sally and Tariq?

[1]

$\frac{1}{8}$



5.



The diagram shows part of a kite, $ABCD$.
It is drawn on a 1 cm square grid.

(a) Write down the coordinates of the point B .

[1]

$$(-2, 5)$$

(b) $ABCD$ has one line of symmetry.
The length of BD is 6 cm.

[2]

Mark the position of point D on the grid and measure the length of CD .

* mine = 4.8

Length of CD = cm

* ms! 5cm $\pm 2\text{mm}$



6.



A grill is large enough to cook 20 kebabs.

The following formula is used to calculate the amount of time, in minutes, it takes to prepare and cook kebabs on this grill.

$$\text{Time} = 2.5 \times \text{Number of kebabs} + 16$$

(a) How long does it take to prepare and cook 10 kebabs? [2]

$$\begin{array}{r} 2.5 \times 10 \quad + 16 \\ 25 \quad + 16 \\ \hline = 41 \text{ mins} \end{array}$$

(b) How many kebabs can be prepared and cooked in 26 minutes? [2]

$$26 - 16 = 10$$

$$2.5 \times 4 = 10$$

so 4 Kebabs



7. (a) In 2019, the cost of a train journey was £300.
In 1979, the cost of the same train journey was 8% of the cost in 2019.

How much did the journey cost in 1979? [2]

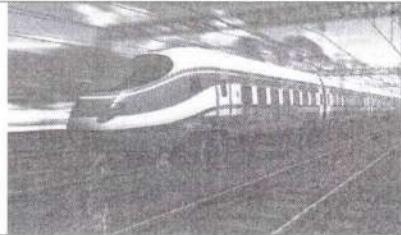
$$\frac{8}{100} \times \frac{300}{1} = \frac{24}{1} = \underline{\underline{\text{£24}}}$$

(b)

Saver Railcard

adult ticket: $\frac{1}{3}$ off *

child ticket: 60% off *



*discount off normal ticket price only

Bob has a *Saver Railcard*.
He takes his 7-year-old grandson on a journey by train.

For this journey, the normal price of

- an adult ticket is £15,
- a child ticket is £8.

$$\text{Norm} = \text{£23}$$

How much does Bob **save** in total when buying the two tickets using his railcard? [4]

$$\text{Bob} = 15 \div 3 = \text{£5 off}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{C} \Rightarrow 10\% &= \text{£0.80} \\ 60\% &= \text{£4.80 off} \end{aligned}$$

$$4.8 + 5$$

$$9.80$$

Total saving £



8. Rosheen works in a restaurant.

(a) On a weekday, her pay rate is £9 per hour.
One Monday, Rosheen worked for 6.5 hours.

How much did Rosheen earn for this day's work? [2]

$$\begin{array}{r} 65 \\ \times 49 \\ \hline 585 \end{array}$$

$$\underline{\underline{\pounds 58.50}}$$

(b) At the weekend, Rosheen's pay rate is higher.

One weekend, she worked for 14 hours.
She earned a total of £314 which included £160 in tips.

What is Rosheen's pay rate per hour at the weekend? [3]

$$\begin{array}{r} 314 \\ - 160 \\ \hline 154 \end{array} \text{ pay}$$

$$14 \overline{)15.4} \quad \begin{array}{r} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{array}$$

\pounds 11 per hr



9. Tomas sells small boxes of 6 eggs or large boxes of 10 eggs.

He sells x small boxes.

He sells 8 more of the large boxes than the small boxes.

(a) Write an expression, in terms of x , for the number of large boxes he sells.

[1]

$$x + 8$$

(b) Write an expression, in terms of x , for the total number of eggs he sells.
Give your answer in its simplest form.

[3]

$$6x + 10(x+8)$$

$$= 6x + 10x + 80 = 16x + 80$$

10. Work out the value of $\frac{2^3}{6^2}$.

Give your answer as a fraction in its simplest form.

[3]

$$\frac{2 \times 2 \times 2}{6 \times 6} = \frac{8}{36} = \frac{4}{18} = \frac{2}{9}$$



11. (a) There are five children in the Cooke family.
Two of the children are the same age, the other children are different ages.

The range of their ages is 5 years. ✓
The mode of their ages is 14 years. → Two are 14
The youngest child is 12 years old.

Find one possible solution for the ages of the other four children. [2]

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 12 & & & & & 17 \\
 \hline
 & \nearrow & & & \searrow & \\
 & +5 & & & & \\
 \end{array}$$

The ages could be 12, 13, 14, 14, 17

OR

MS: 12 14 14 15 17

OR

12 14 14 16 17



(b) Mr Cooke takes his children out for lunch.
The list below shows the food they order.

1	Mega Burger	£8.99
1	Vegan Burger	£7.25
1	Chicken Burger	£8.99
→ 1	Regular Burger	£6.30
1	Fish Pie	£9.90
→ 1	Vegetarian Lasagne	£6.80

When he pays the bill, Mr Cooke uses this special offer.

Buy any 4 burgers and get the 2 cheapest free

**Estimate the total amount of Mr Cooke's bill.
Give your answer correct to the nearest pound.
You must show all your working.**

[3]

$$\begin{array}{r} 9+7=16 \\ 9+10=19 \end{array} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \right\} \quad \underline{\underline{35}}$$



12. (a) The total cost of the gas Farida used in 2019 was £432.
To work out how much she should pay for gas each month in 2020, her energy company divided this amount by 12.

How much did the energy company ask Farida to pay for gas each month in 2020? [2]

$$\begin{array}{r} 036 \\ 12 \overline{)4372} \\ \end{array} \quad \text{£ } 36$$

(b) Mo is working out the cost of his electricity bill.

His bill is for a period of 30 days.

During these 30 days he:

- pays a fixed charge of 20 pence **per day**,
- uses a total of 500 kilowatt-hours of electricity.

Mo pays 14 pence for every kilowatt-hour of electricity he uses. He pays VAT of 5% on the total of these costs.

How much is Mo's electricity bill?

[6]

$$\begin{array}{r} 14 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline 70 \end{array} \quad \text{so } 500 \times 14 = 7000 \text{p} \quad \checkmark$$

Pre VAT = 7600p

$$10\% = 760$$

$$\text{Total} = \frac{+ 380}{7980 \text{ p}}$$

or £79.80



13.



Diagram not drawn to scale

Use: 1 pint = 600 ml

In a café:

a half-pint glass of Lemon Crush costs £1.50, ✓
 a 500ml bottle of Lemon Crush costs £2. ✓

Show that the bottle of Lemon Crush is better value for money.

[3]

$$\frac{1}{2} \text{ pint} = 300 \text{ ml}$$

$$\text{£1.50} = 300 \text{ ml}$$

$$50p = 100 \text{ ml}$$

$$\text{£2} = 500 \text{ ml}$$

$$\text{£} \cancel{5} = \text{£} \cancel{5}$$

$$40p = 100 \text{ ml}$$

↓

cheaper per 100ml



14. (a) Theo invests £45000 and Jenny invests £35000 in a new business.

(i) Write the ratio of Theo's investment to Jenny's investment in its simplest form. [2]

$$45 : 35$$

$$\frac{45}{5}$$

$$\frac{35}{5}$$

$$9 : 7$$

Theo : Jenny =

(ii) At the end of the first year, Theo and Jenny shared the total profit made by the business in the ratio of their original investments. Jenny made £21000 profit.

What is the difference in the amount of profit made by Theo and Jenny? [3]

$$9 : 7 \rightarrow \times 3000$$

$$1 : 21000$$

$$9 \times 3000 = \underline{\underline{\text{£27000}}}$$

$$27000 - 21000 = \underline{\underline{\text{£6000}}}$$

(b) The next year, the business makes a loss and Jenny decides to sell her share.

She loses all of her profit from the first year plus $\frac{3}{10}$ of her original investment.

Calculate the amount of money Jenny loses. [2]

$$\frac{1}{10} \text{ of } 35000 = 3500$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \frac{3}{10} = \frac{1 \times 3}{10} \\ \underline{10,500} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 21000 \\ + 10500 \\ \hline \underline{\underline{\text{£31,500}} \quad \text{loss}} \end{array}$$



15. Rearrange this formula to make n the subject.

[2]

$$t = 5 + 3n$$

$$t - 5 = 3n$$

$$\frac{t-5}{3} = n$$



16. The diagram shows a ship's journey from P to Q to R .

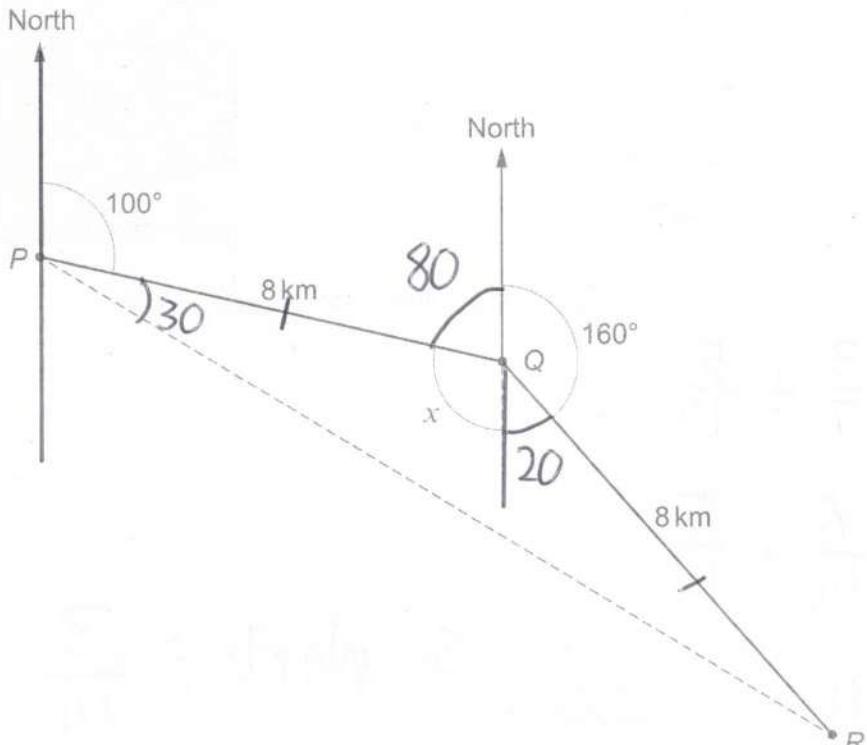


Diagram not drawn to scale

The ship travels on a bearing of 100° for 8 km from P to Q . It then travels on a bearing of 160° for 8 km from Q to R .

(a) Explain why the angle x is 100° .

[1]

alternate angles are equal

(b) Work out the bearing of R from P .
Give a reason for each step of your answer.

[4]

$\angle PQR = 120$ (angles on a line sum to 180)

$\angle QPR = \frac{180 - 120}{2}$ base angles of an
isosceles triangle are equal
= 30

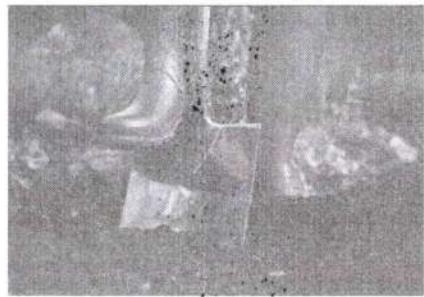
so bearing = $30 + 100 = \underline{130^\circ}$



17. (a) Brad is a landscape gardener.

One working day, he spends:

- $\frac{3}{7}$ of his time designing a garden,
- $\frac{5}{14}$ of his time digging,
- the rest of his time buying plants.



What fraction of this working day does Brad spend buying plants? [3]

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{3}{7} + \frac{5}{14} \\ &= \frac{6}{14} + \frac{5}{14} \\ &= \frac{11}{14} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{So plants} = \frac{3}{14}$$

(b) Aroon is an architect.

One working day, he spends 324 minutes of his time on paperwork.

This is $\frac{3}{5}$ of his working day.

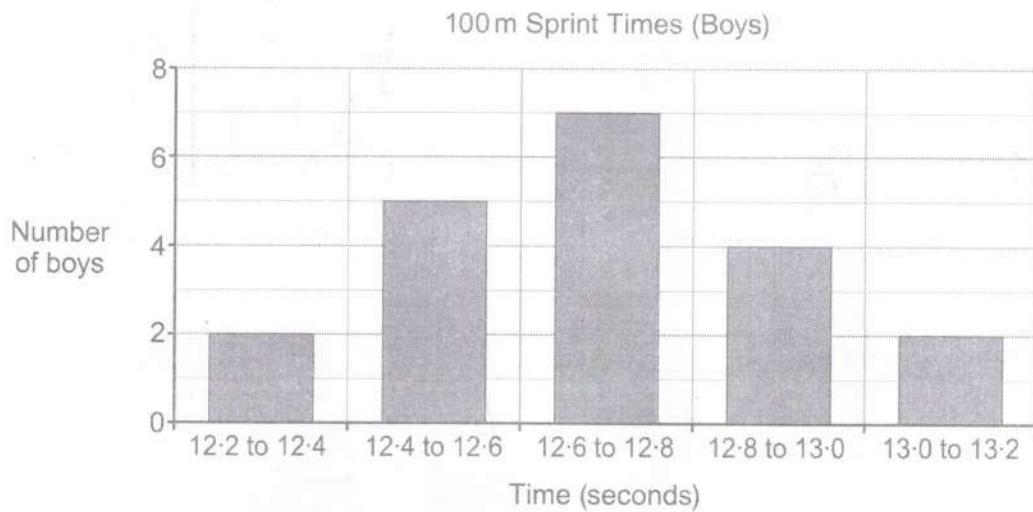
For how many hours does Aroon work on this day? [3]

$$\frac{3}{5} = 324 \quad \frac{1}{5} = 3 \sqrt{324} \quad 108$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 108 \\ \times 45 \\ \hline 540 \end{array} \quad = \underline{\underline{9 \text{ hrs}}}$$



18. (a) Twenty teenage boys take part in sprint races over 100 metres. One of the boys draws a graph to summarise their times.



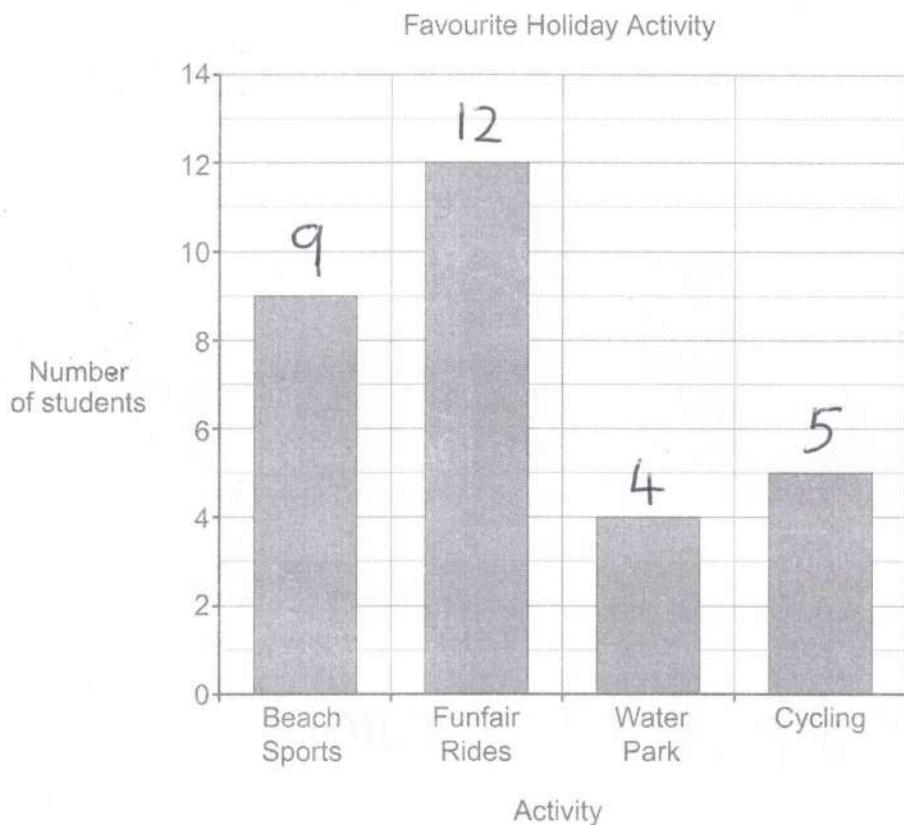
Make one criticism of the diagram.

[1]

The gaps aren't required



(b) The bar chart shows the favourite holiday activity of a group of 30 students.



Use the bar chart to complete the pie chart opposite.

You may use the table to help you.

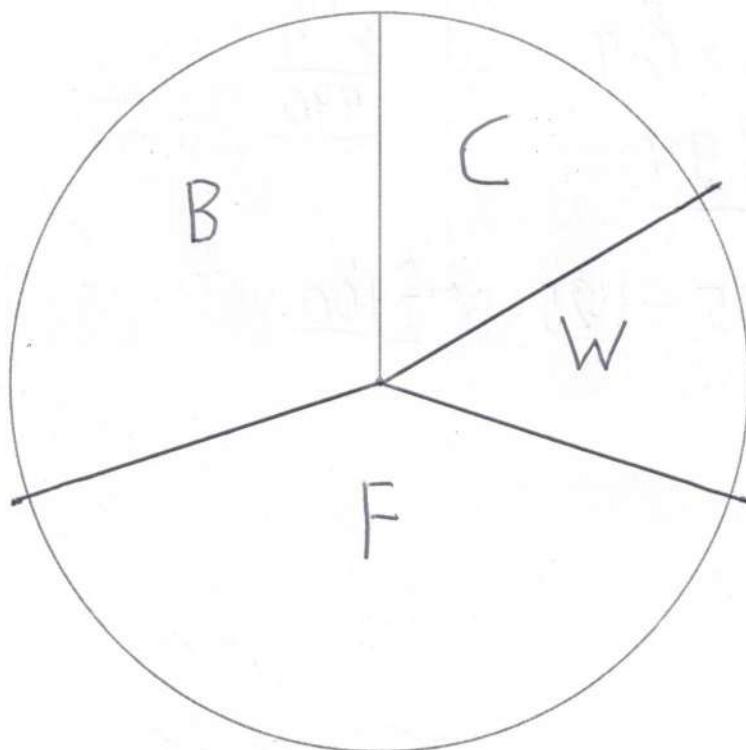
You must show all your working.

[5]



Favourite Holiday Activity		
Beach sports (B)	9	108
Funfair rides (F)	12	144
Water park (W)	4	48
Cycling (C)	5	60

$$30 \quad \text{---} \quad 360 \\ \times 12$$



19. In 2019,

- $\text{€}1 = \text{£}0.90$,
- $\text{\$}1.25 = \text{£}1$.

In 2019, a silver pencil cost $\text{€}110$ in Germany.
The same pencil cost $\text{\$}125$ in the USA.

In which country was the pencil cheaper?

Germany

USA



You must show all your working.

[3]

$$\textcircled{9} \quad 110 \times 0.9 \\ = \underline{\text{£}99}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 110 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline 990 \end{array}$$

$$\textcircled{10} \quad 125 \div 1.25 = \underline{\text{£}100}$$



20. The diagram shows a parallelogram, $ABCD$ and the diagonal AC .

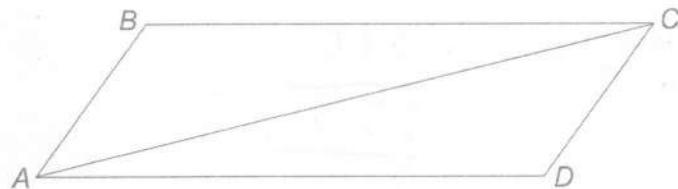


Diagram not drawn to scale

Tick (✓) the two correct statements.

[2]

$\hat{A}BC$ is not equal to $\hat{C}DA$	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
$AB = DC$ and $AD = BC$ and AC is a side of both triangle ABC and triangle CDA	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Triangle ABC is similar to triangle CDA with enlargement scale factor 0.5	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Triangle ABC is not congruent to triangle CDA	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Triangle ABC is congruent to triangle CDA	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
AB represents the shortest distance from B to AC	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	



21. The diagram shows a cone placed with its circular base on a table.

It has

- base radius 15 cm,
- height 30 cm.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 15 \\
 \times 15 \\
 \hline
 225 \\
 7
 \end{array}$$

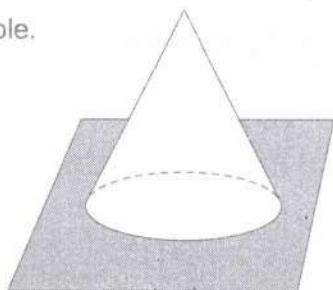


Diagram not drawn to scale

[3]

$$\begin{aligned}
 V &= \frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 15^2 \times 30 \\
 &= 225 \times 10 \times \pi
 \end{aligned}$$

Volume is 2250π cm³

(b) On the 1 cm grid opposite, make an accurate scale drawing of the plan and side elevation of this cone.

Use the ratio

actual cone : scale drawing = 5 : 1.

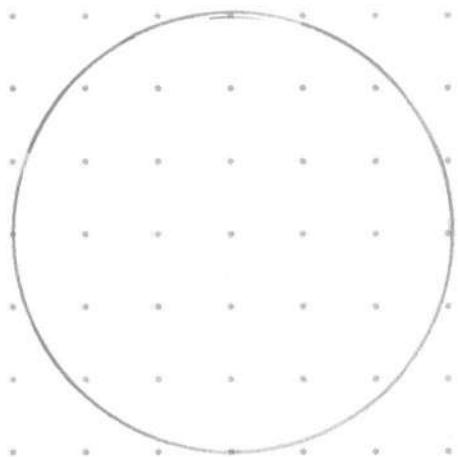
[4]

$$r = 15 \div 5 = 3 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{height} = 30 \div 5 = 6$$

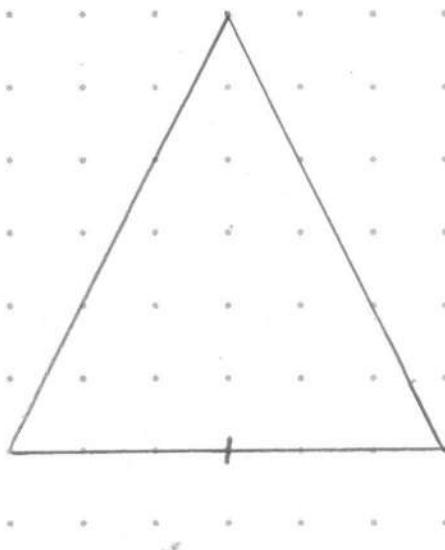


Plan



$$r = 3$$

Side elevation

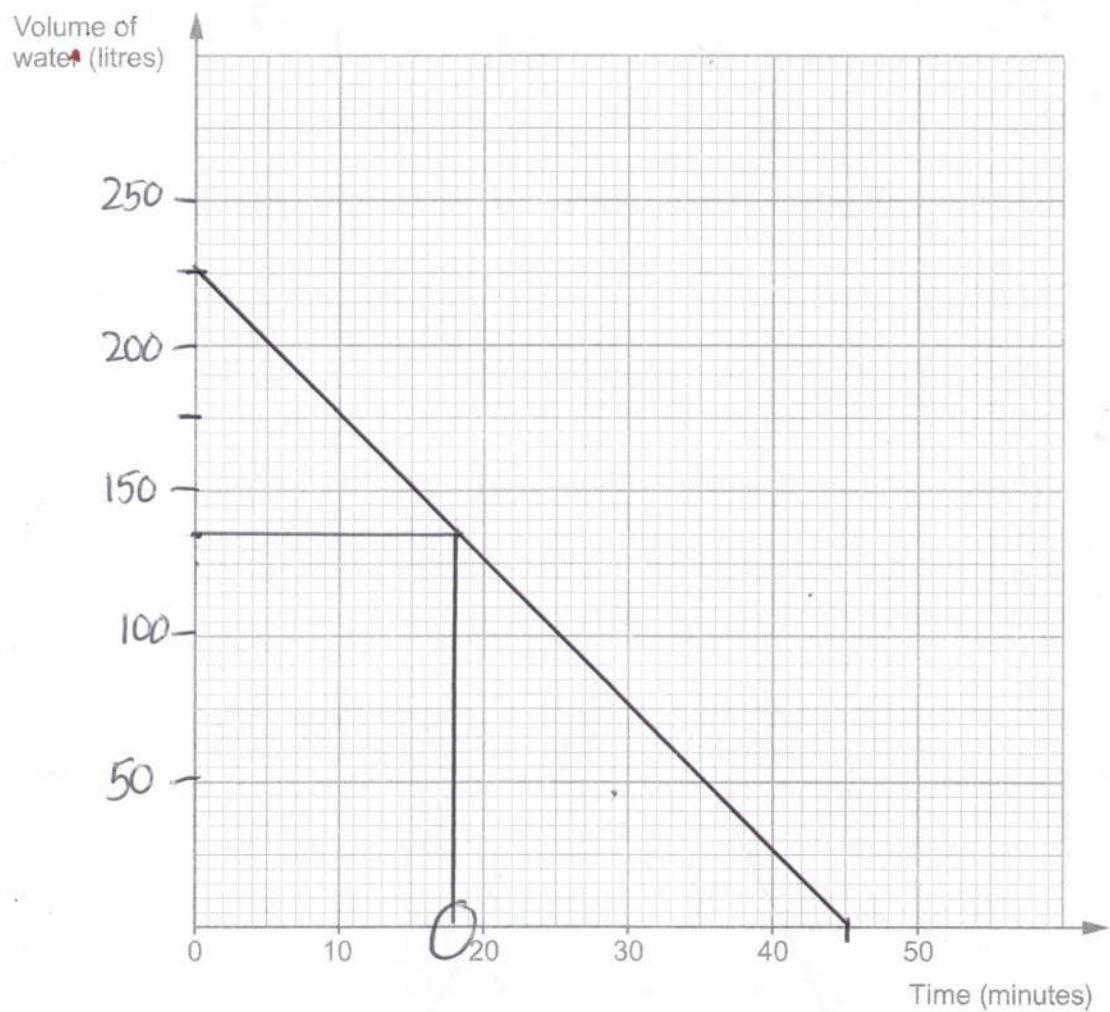


22. A tank contains 225 litres of water.

A tap at the bottom is opened so that water flows out at a constant rate of 5 litres every minute until the tank is empty.

(a) On the graph paper below, draw a line to show the volume of water in the tank at any time after the tap has been opened. [4]

$$5) \overline{225} \quad \begin{matrix} 4 \\ 5 \end{matrix}$$



(b) How many minutes does it take for the volume of water in the tank to decrease by 40% of the original volume? [2]

$$10\% = 22.5$$

$$225 - 90 = 135$$

$$40\% = 90$$

18mins

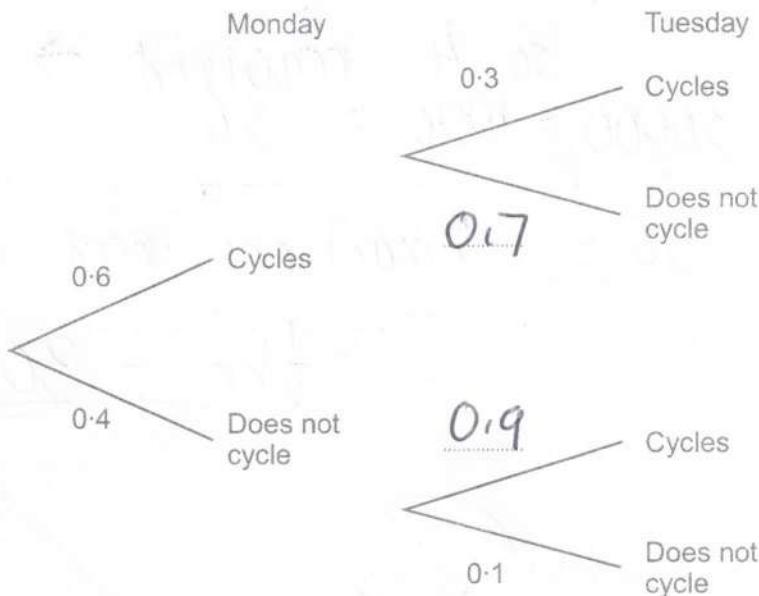


23. The probability that Kathy cycles to work on Monday is 0.6.

If she cycles to work on Monday, the probability that she cycles to work on Tuesday is 0.3.

If she does **not** cycle to work on Monday, the probability that she does **not** cycle to work on Tuesday is 0.1.

(a) Complete the tree diagram. [1]



(b) Calculate the probability that Kathy cycles to work on both Monday and Tuesday. [2]

$$0.6 \times 0.3 = \underline{\underline{0.18}}$$

(c) Calculate the probability that Kathy does **not** cycle to work on either day. [2]

$$0.4 \times 0.1 = \underline{\underline{0.04}}$$



24. In a factory, 6 identical machines can make 3000 erasers in 2 hours.

How long would it take 8 of these machines to make 1000 erasers? [3]

$$6 \times 2 = 12 \text{ machine hrs} \rightarrow 3000$$

$$\text{so 4 required} \rightarrow 1000$$

$$8 \text{ machines need } \frac{4}{8} \text{ hrs}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \text{ hr} = \underline{\underline{30 \text{ mins}}}$$

25. (a) Expand and simplify $(4x + 5)(2x - 1)$. [3]

$$8x^2 - 4x + 10x - 5 = 8x^2 + 6x - 5$$

(b) (i) Factorise $x^2 - 10x + 21$. [2]

$$(x-7)(x-3)$$

(ii) Use your answer to part (b)(i) to write down the solutions of the equation $x^2 - 10x + 21 = 0$. [1]

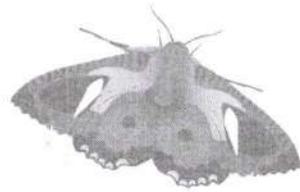
$$7 \quad 3$$

$x = \dots$ or $x = \dots$



26. Vikram wanted to find out how many moths there were in a small woodland.

One night, Vikram captured a random sample of 12 moths and marked them. He then released them back into the woodland.



The next night, Vikram captured a second random sample of 30 moths. He found that 9 of the moths in the second sample had been marked.

Vikram estimated that there were 40 moths in the woodland.

(a) Show that Vikram's estimate of the number of moths was correct. [2]

$$\frac{9}{12} = \frac{9}{30}$$

$$360 = 9N$$

$$N = 360 \div 9 = 40$$

(b) Comment on how reliable Vikram's estimate was likely to be. [1]

Could be unreliable as first sample of 12 is quite small

END OF PAPER

